surface 213, touch capacitor 230, through body impedance 234 and body to ground impedance 236, and from earth ground 238 through system impedance 240°. Currents measured by devices 228 are converted into digital format and processor 216 calculates a position of a touch to touch sensor 212 using ratios of the current 226 generated from a touch to touch sensor 212. Processor 216 may send position information to a CPU 242 for further processing.--

Please replace the Table that appears on page 10 with the following Table. A marked-up version of the original Table showing the changes being made is provided on a separate page.

Table 1 Touch System with Touch Sensor and One Contact Point Sensor Sensitivity and Circuit configuration Responsiveness (refer to Figure 5) (refer to Figure 5) Switch 344 Switch 346 What is Mode Powered **Touch Sensor Contact Point** Phase of 328 Phase of 350 312 314 Phase of Phase of 327 354 Closed Open Must also Touch Sensor 90° 270° touch Contact 1 Any Touch 312 Point 312 DC Open Closed Must also **Contact Point** 2 270° 90° touch Contact Any Touch 314 Point 314 0° DC Any touch; Any touch; Closed Closed Touch Sensor (More (More 312 and sensitive if sensitive if 90° 270° 3 Contact Point **Contact Point** Touch Sensor 314 314 is also 312 is also 00 180° touched) touched)

Please replace the paragraph that begins on page 12, line 15, with the following paragraph. A marked-up version of the original paragraph showing the changes being made is provided on a separate page.

--When contact point 314 is touched, current 356 flows from local ground 332, through amplifier 348, contact point 314, touch capacitance 358, and through the user's body impedance 334. Current 356 may follow two separate paths after passing through body impedance 334. If the user touches only contact point 314, then current 356 flows through the user's body-to-ground impedance 336, to earth ground 338, system impedance 340, and back to local ground 332. Current 356 resulting from the touch to contact point 314 is measured by current measuring device 350. This measurement is conveyed to processor 316 that is configured to detect a touch to contact point 314 based on the change of current 356. Processor 316 may convey this change in current to CPU 342, and CPU 342 may use this information to trigger changes in a program, change the image on a display, or give other instructions that might be required for proper use and function of touch system 300. For example, a touch to contact point 314 may indicate that one user of touch system 300, for example in a video game scenario, is ready to play the video game. In response, CPU 342 may change an indicator on the display from red to green to indicate that the user is now able to participate.--

Please replace the paragraph that begins on page 12, line 30, with the following paragraph. A marked-up version of the original paragraph showing the changes being made is provided on a separate page.

--If the user touches contact point 314 and touch sensor 312 simultaneously, or if there are overlapping touches, a portion of current 356 also flows from the user's body, through touch capacitance 330 to touch sensor 312. Current 356 is distributed to amplifiers 322 based on the touch location to touch sensor 312, and then flows back to local ground 332. As current 356 passes through amplifiers 322, it will be measured by current measuring devices 328, and the measurements will subsequently be conveyed to processor 316. Thus, a touch to touch sensor 312 can be detected and then the position of that touch measured, only if the user is simultaneously touching contact point 314 and touch sensor 312. It is noted, however, that a path for return of the current

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